

URL Shortener

Use Case:

HTTP URLs can sometime grow to long length such that you might want to introduce the shorter version of the URL. The other reason would be to hide the details in a long URL.

F5 iRules:

```
when RULE_INIT {
    set static::small_url_timeout 86400
    set static::small_url_lifetime 86400
    set static::small_url_response_header "<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//IETF//DTD HTML 2.0//EN"><html><head> \
        <title>Small URL Generator</title></head><body><center><h1>Small URL Gener
ator</h1> \
        "
    set static::small_url_response_footer "</center></body></html>"
}

when HTTP_REQUEST {
    if { ([HTTP::uri] starts_with "/create?") and ([HTTP::query] ne "") } {
        set url [URI::decode [string tolower [URI::query [HTTP::uri] url]]]
        set custom_url_key [string tolower [URI::query [HTTP::uri] custom_url_key]
    ]

        if { $custom_url_key ne "" } {
            if { ([table lookup -subtable small_url $custom_url_key] ne "") } {
                HTTP::respond 200 content "$static::small_url_response_header <b><font
color=\"ff0000\"> \
                    Error: the custom Small URL <a href=\"http://[HTTP::host]/$custom_ur
l_key\"> \
                        http://[HTTP::host]/$custom_url_key</a> has already been taken. Plea
se try again. \
                    </font></b> $static::small_url_response_footer"
            } else {
```

```

        set url_key $custom_url_key
        log local0. "Custom Small URL created for $url with custom key $url_key"
    }
} else {
    switch -glob [string length $url] {
        {[1-9]} { set url_key_length 3 }
        {1[0-9]} { set url_key_length 3 }
        {2[0-9]} { set url_key_length 4 }
        {3[0-9]} { set url_key_length 5 }
        default { set url_key_length 6 }
    }

    set url_key [string tolower [scan [string map {/ "" + ""} [b64encode [md5 $url]]] "%${url_key_length}s"]]
}

if { ([table lookup -subtable small_url $url_key] eq "") } {
    table add -subtable small_url $url_key $url $static::small_url_timeout $static::small_url_lifetime
    log local0. "Small URL created for $url with key $url_key"
} else {
    log local0. "Small URL for $url already exists with key $url_key"
}

HTTP::respond 200 content "$static::small_url_response_header The Small URL for \
    <a href=\"$url\">$url</a> is <a href=\"http://[HTTP::host]/$url_key\"> \
    http://[HTTP::host]/$url_key</a> $static::small_url_response_footer"
} else {
    set url_key [string map {/ ""} [HTTP::path]]
    set url [table lookup -subtable small_url $url_key]

    if { [string length $url] != 0 } {
        log local0. "Found key $url_key, redirecting to $url"
        HTTP::redirect $url
    }
}

```

```

    } else {
        HTTP::respond 200 content "$static::small_url_response_header <form action=
"/create\" \
            method=\"get\"><input type=\"text\" name=\"url\">&nbsp; \
            <input type=\"submit\" value=\"make small!\"><h4>Make it custom! \
            (optional)</h4>http://[HTTP::host]/<input type=\"text\" name=\"custom_
url_key\"></form> \
            $static::small_url_response_footer"
    }
}
}
}

```

URL: <https://devcentral.f5.com/codeshare/url-shortener>

NetScaler Solution:

```

add ns variable url_map -type map(text(1000), text(5000), 10000) -
expires 86400

```

```

add ns assignment assign_map -variable
$url_map[HTTP.REQ.URL.QUERY.VALUE("url").DIGEST(MD5)] -set
HTTP.REQ.URL.QUERY.VALUE("url")

```

```

add responder policy create_entries_pol
'HTTP.REQ.URL.PATH.EQ("/create") &&
HTTP.REQ.URL.QUERY.VALUE("url").LENGTH.GT(0)' assign_map

```

```

add responder action redirect_small_url_act redirect
'"http://" + HTTP.REQ.HOSTNAME + "/" + HTTP.REQ.URL.QUERY.VALUE("url").DIG
EST(MD5)' -bypassSafetyCheck YES

```

```

add responder policy redirect_small_url_pol
'HTTP.REQ.URL.PATH.EQ("/create") &&
HTTP.REQ.URL.QUERY.VALUE("url").LENGTH.GT(0)' redirect_small_url_act

```

Bind the responder policies "create_entries_pol" with a Higher priority than the responder policy "redirect_small_url_pol" and gotoPriorityExpression as NEXT

The policies can be bound to vserver or to Global Bind Point.

```
add rewrite action translate_url_act replace HTTP.REQ.URL  
$url_map[HTTP.REQ.URL] -bypassSafetyCheck YES
```

```
add rewrite policy translate_url_pol  
$url_map.valueExists(HTTP.REQ.URL) translate_url_act
```

Bind Rewrite policy to a vserver or global request bind point. Here we are creating a URL map in runtime and translating original URL with the mapped one.