

## Parse and Log Username from HTTP requests

### Use Case:

HTTP logging is essential from most of the Web/App deployments where you want to capture the traffic details passing through. Authorization header in HTTP request carries the username which is important data to log for accountability of changes. This example shows how to parse and log the username from the Authorization header of HTTP Requests.

### F5 iRules:

```
# parse_username_from_http_requests_rule
#
# Description: Capture username from web login attempts to a web application
# Look for the basic authorization header in any request and look in POST requests
# Need to tailor the POST request searches to just specific URIs if possible
# Requires a blank stream profile on the virtual server in order to use the STREAM:: commands
#
when RULE_INIT {

    # Log debug messages to /var/log/ltm? 1=yes, 0=only syslog event
    set ::username_debug 2

    # User name parameter name which is searched for in the POST data
    set ::user_name "UserIdentifier"

    # Regular expression which matches the user name and value in POST requests
    set ::user_name_regex [subst -nocommands ${::user_name}=[^&]+]
    if {${::username_debug}}{log local0. " \${<!--:user_name_regex: ::user_name_regex"-->

}
}
```

```

when HTTP_REQUEST {

    if {$::username_debug}{log local0. "[IP::client_addr]:[TCP::client_port]:
New HTTP [HTTP::method] request to [HTTP::host][HTTP::uri]"}

    # Check if there is an Authorization header value

    # This could come at any time in the application flow so check for it in
every request

    if {[HTTP::header value Authorization] ne ""}{

        # Format should be: Basic dXNlcm5hbWU6cGFzc3dvcmQ=
        # where the token is a base64 encoding of user:pass

        if {$::username_debug}{log local0. "[IP::client_addr]:[TCP::client_port]:\
Base64 decoded user<!--:pass: [b64decode [lindex [HTTP::header Authorization] 1]],\-->
user: [getfield [b64decode [lindex [HTTP::header Authorization] 1]] ":" 1]"}

        # Preferred order with the Cookies last (but Secerno current expects the cookies and then the username)

        log local0. "CLIENT=[IP::client_addr]:[TCP::client_port],USERNAME=[getfield [b64decode [lindex [HTTP::header Authorization] 1]] ":" 1]"

    }

    # Check if request is a POST with a "login" parameter in the URI

    if {[HTTP::method] eq "POST" && ([URI::query [HTTP::uri] "login"] ne "")}
{

        if {$::username_debug}{log local0. "[IP::client_addr]:[TCP::client_port]: Matched method and parameter check"}

        # Use a stream profile to look for the username parameter value in the payload

        STREAM::expression "@$::user_name_regex@"
}
}

```

```

        STREAM::enable
        if {$::username_debug}{log local0. "[IP::client_addr]:[TCP::client_port]: Enabling stream"}
    } else {
        STREAM::disable
        if {$::username_debug}{log local0. "[IP::client_addr]:[TCP::client_port]: Disabling stream"}
    }
}
when STREAM_MATCHED {

    if {$::username_debug}{log local0. "[IP::client_addr]:[TCP::client_port]: Found match: [STREAM::match]"}

    # Prevent the username from being replaced by calling STREAM::replace with no replacement string
    STREAM::replace

    # Parse the user name from the stream, with the stream expression regex matching username=value.
    # Use getfield to get the value

    # Preferred order with the Cookies last (but Secerno current expects the cookies and then the username)
    log local0. "CLIENT=[IP::client_addr]:[TCP::client_port],USERNAME=[getfield [STREAM::match] "=" 2]"

    # Disable further matches on this request as there will only be one username to find per request
    STREAM::disable
}

```

## NetScaler Solution:

```
add ns variable v111 -type text(1000) -init ""  
  
add ns assignment a111 -variable $v111 -set '  
HTTP.REQ.HEADER("Authorization").AFTER_STR("Basic  
\").B64deCODE.BEFORE_STR(":\")'  
  
add rewrite policy set_variable "HTTP.REQ.HEADER("Authorization").EXISTS" a111  
  
add auditmessageaction mact1 INFO ""The user name is : "+$v111' -by yes  
  
set syslogparams -userdefined yes  
  
add rewrite action newact1 insert_http_header UserName '$v111' -by yes  
  
add rewrite policy check_encode $v111.eq("").not newact1 -logaction mact1
```

In NetScaler, both parsing of the header and logging the username to syslog can be controlled through the advance policy framework. These simple actions make the solution very practical as you do not need to worry about